

Questo rapporto <https://tinyurl.com/48aw2785> presenta una panoramica comparativa sulle principali caratteristiche dei sistemi nazionali di tassazione e di sostegno finanziario per gli studenti dell'istruzione superiore in Europa nell'anno accademico 2020/21. Esso offre al lettore informazioni su quali paesi impongono il pagamento di tasse agli studenti, su quali studenti devono pagarle e sui relativi importi. Prende inoltre in esame quali sono gli strumenti di supporto finanziario pubblico a disposizione degli studenti, compresi borse di studio e prestiti, nonché delle loro famiglie, sotto forma di agevolazioni fiscali per i genitori e di assegni familiari. In circa la metà dei Paesi, gli studenti del 1° ciclo pagano più di €100 l'anno, mentre in 1/4 dei PAESI EUROPEI, fra cui l'ITALIA, le tasse superano gli € 1.000. (F: eurydice.indire.it 2021)

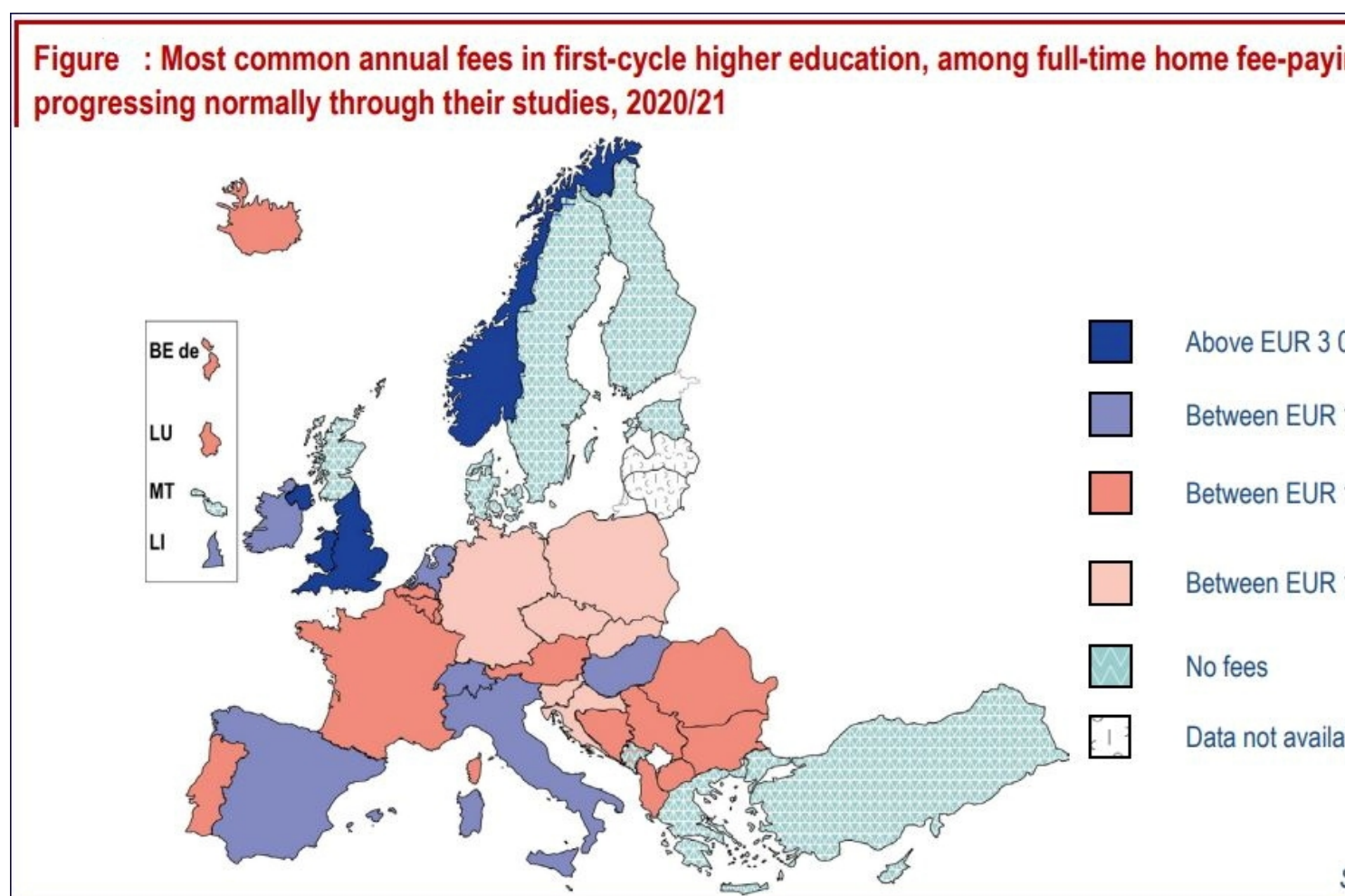


Figure. In Czechia, Germany (eight Länder), Croatia, Poland, Slovenia and Slovakia, full-time students progressing normally through their studies most commonly pay only administrative charges of up to EUR 100.

In contrast, more than half of all higher education systems register most common annual fees that are higher than EUR 100. More specifically, in 14 higher education systems the most common fee feepayers pay is between € 101 and 1,000. Among these, in Austria, students in Fachhochschulen (universities of applied sciences) pay annual fees of € 736, while students

who progress normally in universities and university colleges of teacher education do not pay fees. In Ireland, Spain, Italy, Hungary, the Netherlands, Switzerland and Liechtenstein, the most common fee is relatively high, ranging from € 1,001 to 3,000. In Lithuania, while data on the most common fees are not available, the minimum fee for full-time fee-paying students is higher than € 1,500. Finally, in the United Kingdom (England, Wales and Northern Ireland) and in Norway, the most common annual fees are the highest in Europe, above € 3.000. In Norway, students in government dependent private higher education institutions pay fees, in public universities there are no fees. (F: eurydice.indire.it 2021)